1st EUSST Webinar

SST Cooperation 27 November 2019



Agenda

- 10:30-10:40 Welcome to the 1st EUSST Webinar
- 10:40-11:00 EU SST Support Framework
- 11:00-12:00 SST Services and EUSST Portal
- 12:00-12:20 Questions and Answers
- 12:20-12:30 Conclusions and Closure







Slide 2 EUSST Webinar

Speakers



Mrs Amélie Gravier EUSST Consortium



Mr Paulo Nunes EUSST Front Desk



Ms Cristina Pérez Spanish SST Operational Centre Expert on CA service



Dr Elena VellutiniExpert on RE and FG services



Mr Florian DelmasFrench SST Operational Centre
Expert on CA service



2nd **Lt Moreno Peroni** Italian SST Operations Centre Expert on RE and FG services

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Slide 3 EUSST Webinar

EU SST Support Framework

Affin The Market of the State o

The foundation Decision 541/2014/EU for an SST Support Framework

Decision of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 establishing a Framework for Space Surveillance and Tracking Support

« Ensuring the long-term availability of European and national space infrastructure, facilities and services which are essential for the safety and security of the economies, societies and citizens in Europe » (article 3)

With the aim to (article 4):

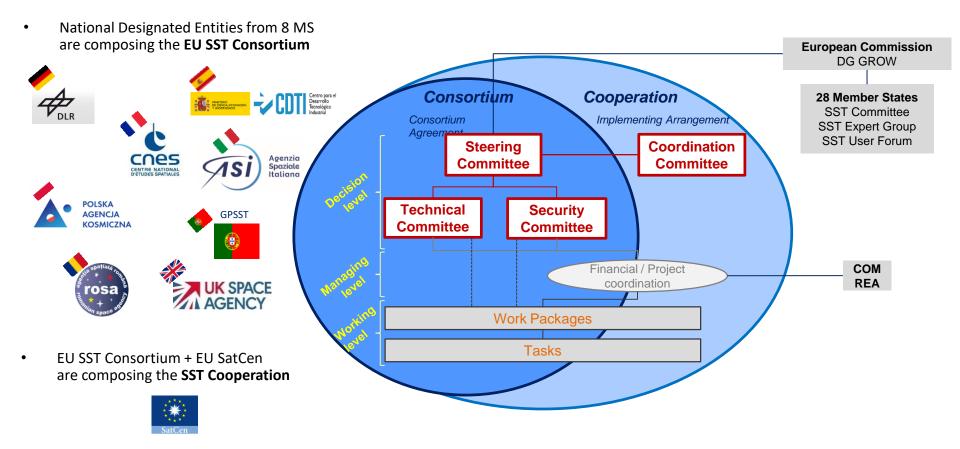
- « Establish a SST capability at European level and with an appropriate level of autonomy »:
- (a) The establishment and operation of a **sensor function** consisting of a network of Member State ground-based and/or space-based sensors, including national sensors developed through ESA, to survey and track space objects and to produce a database thereof;
- (b) The establishment and operation of a **processing function** to process and analyse the SST data at national level to produce SST information and services for transmission to the SST service provision function;
- (c) The setting up of a function to provide **SST services** as defined in Article 5(1) to the entities referred to in Article 5(2).





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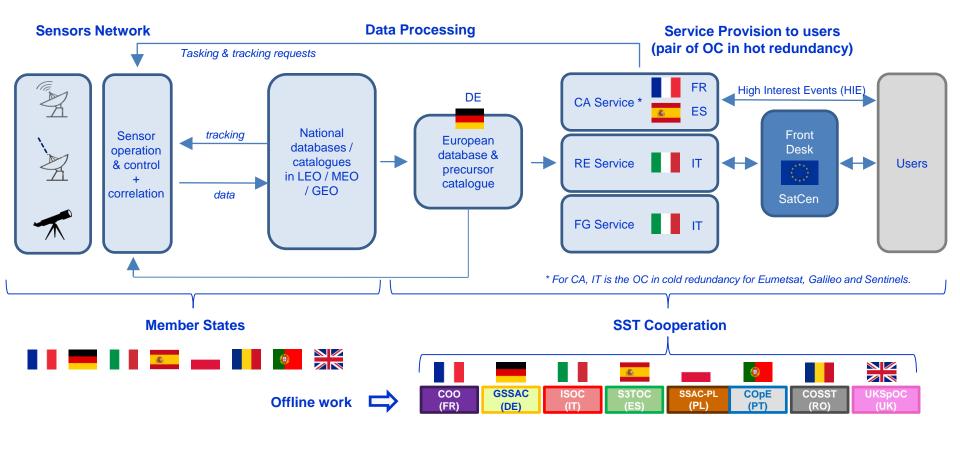
Governance of the Consortium State of play







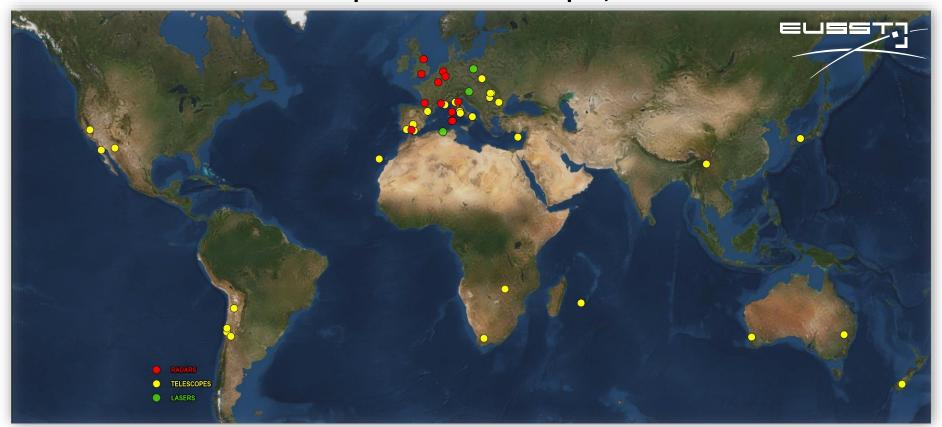
Service Provision Model



HOBIN 2020

Sensor Network

Network of sensors composed of 35 telescopes, 12 radars and 4 lasers



(In operation as of 1st April 2019)







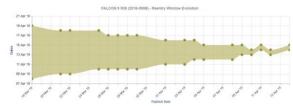
Slide 8 EUSST Webinar

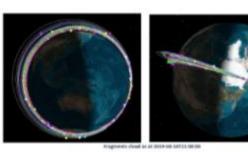
Service Provision to Users SST Services

- Collision Avoidance. It provides the risk assessment of collision between spacecraft or between spacecraft and space debris and the generation of collision avoidance products.
- Re-entry Analysis. It provides the risk assessment of the uncontrolled re-entry of man-made space objects and space debris into the Earth's atmosphere and the generation of related information.
- Fragmentation Analysis. It provides the detection and characterization of in-orbit fragmentations, break-ups or collisions;

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SST Services are described in the Service Portfolio available on the EUSST Portal

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Service Provision to Users EUSST Front Desk

SST Consortium

Responsible for generating the SST services and their information

SST Front Desk

Interface for the delivery of the SST services in accordance with the Data and Information Policy

SST Users













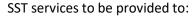




User Coordination
User approval
and uptake

EUSST Service Provision Portal for the delivery of the SST information and services and a **EUSST Helpdesk** to support users

https://sst.satcen.europa.eu



- All Member States
- the Council
- the Commission
- the EEAS
- public and private spacecraft owners and operators
- public authorities concerned with civil protection.

106 user accounts (60 organizations) 129 Satellites registered for CA







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SST Users **Organisations**







































































Non-exhaustive list of organisations As of end of September-2019

> **EUSST Webinar** Slide 11

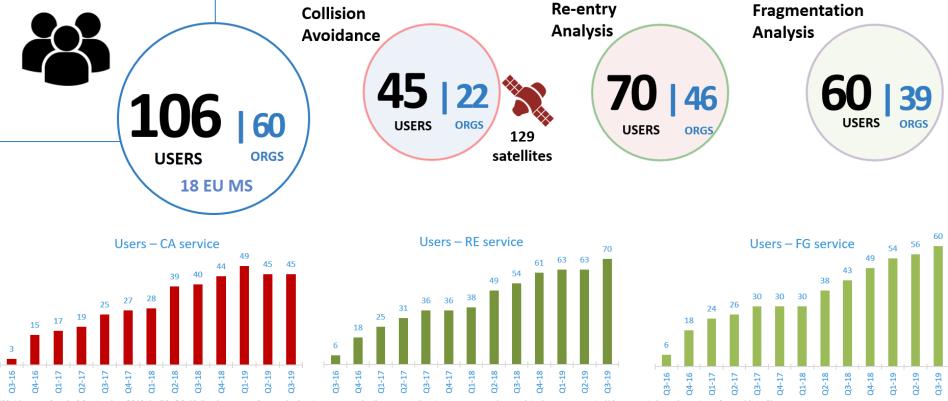






SST Users

Users vs Organisations



Metrics as of end of September-2019. In Q2, Q3-19 the decrease of users is due to one organization requesting to merge several associated user accounts (10 accounts have been transformed into 2).



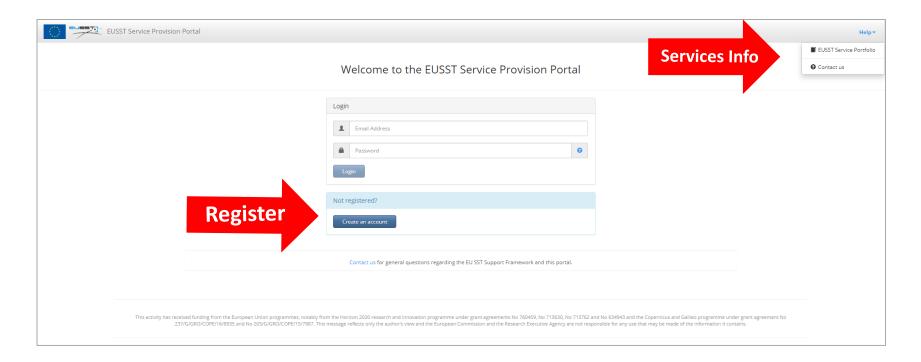




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Users Registration

Potential users entitled to receive SST services can request access through the EUSST Portal at sst.satcen.europa.eu







Slide 13 EUSST Webinar

Collision Avoidance Service

Collision Avoidance Service Description

The Collision Avoidance Service:

- provides the risk assessment of collision between spacecraft or between spacecraft and space debris and the generation of collision avoidance products.
- consists on processing all available information, concluding with the provision of products derived from the detection and analysis of:
 - High Interest Event (HIE), close approach that require a further analysis and which might request a mitigation manoeuvre due to its high level of risk (severity ALERT).
 - Interest Event (IE), close approach that require a further analysis due to its level of risk (severity WARNING).
 - Info Event (INFO), close approach with a low level of risk (severity INFO).
- Events are categorised according the criteria defined with users and reflected in the Service Configuration Document (SCD).

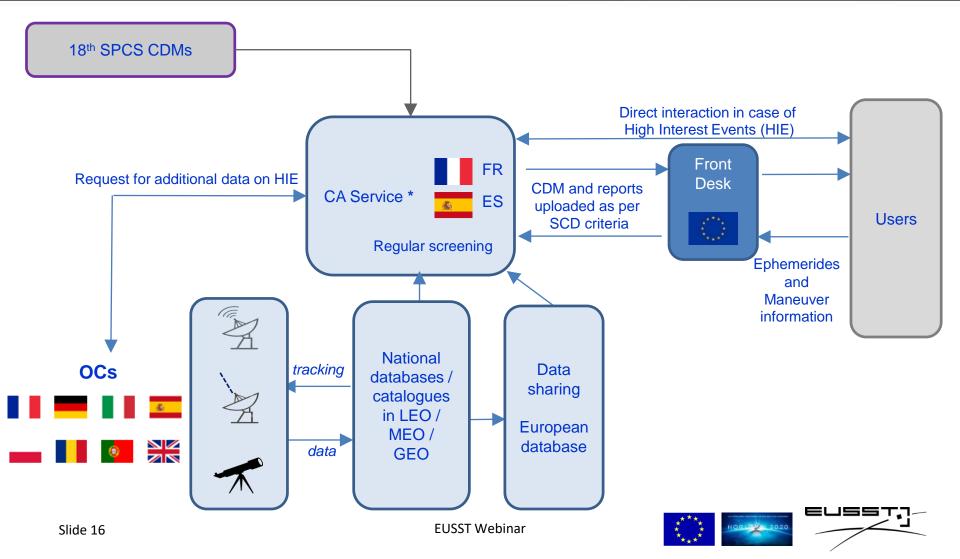
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CA Service Provision Mechanism (I)



CA Service Provision Mechanism (II)

- Provision mechanism based on hot redundancy concept:
 - provided by a pair of Operational Centres (OCs) with nominal (single point of contact for users) and hot redundant roles;
 - service provided through the EUSST Service Provision Portal.
- Exceptionally, a cold redundant OC can be part of the provision mechanism allowing it visibility through the entire CA process.
- All OCs cooperate, in particular for HIE with data from sensors contributing to the EUSST.





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Collision Avoidance Service provision pre-requisites

- To start the provision of CA service, the following steps are required:
 - Service Configuration Document definition and agreement (bilateral meeting between EUSST and users);
 - Ephemerides upload to EUSST Portal by users;
 - OCs access to 18th SPCS CDMs granted by users;

	MISS DISTANCE (m)		RADIAL DISTANCE (m)		Scaled POC		Time to TCA (days)	
CONSTELLATION	WARNING	ALERT	WARNING	ALERT	WARNING	ALERT	WARNING	ALERT
SAMPLESAT LEO	2000	200	200	50	1.00E-05	2.20E-05	7	5
SAMPLESAT GEO	5000	1000	1000	500	1.00E-06	-	7	7
SAMPLESAT MEO	10000	4000	-	-	1.00E-09	1.00E-08	14	14

Example of SCD

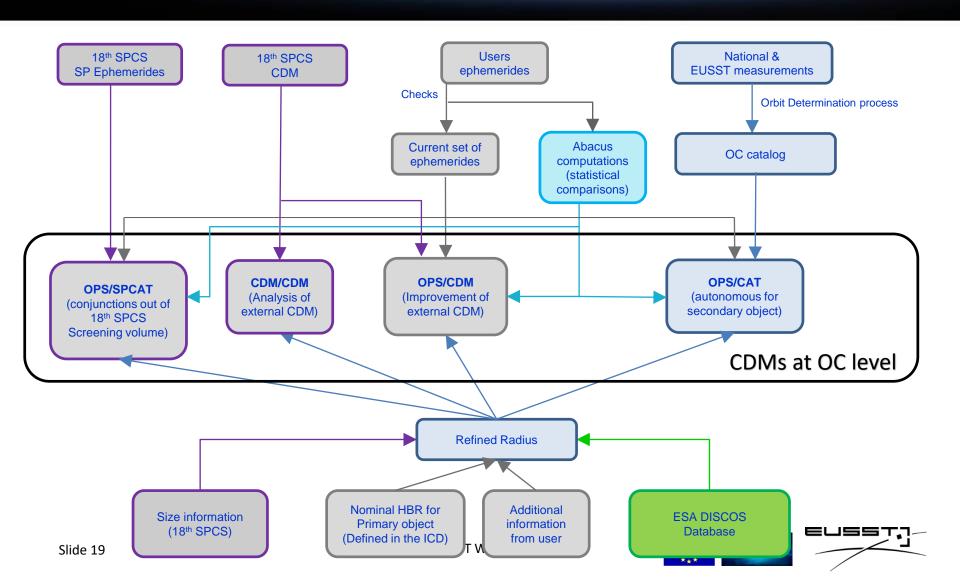






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Collision Avoidance Data Sources



Collision Avoidance EUSST Products

- The content of the EUSST products includes:
 - Event and product identification, including severity level (e.g. ALERT)
 - Product creation date;
 - Time of Closest Approach (TCA) of the event;
 - Source of information used for the products;
 - Event characterization:
 - Miss distance;
 - Probability of Collision (PoC) including method;
 - Evolution of the conjunction geometry and of the Probability of Collision (Bplane plots and time evolution plots);
 - Probability of Collision sensitivity analysis.
 - Mitigation manoeuvres support.
- Content is provided to the users in the following formats:
 - CDM (standard to exchange CA information)
 - CA Report (associated to each CDM file).

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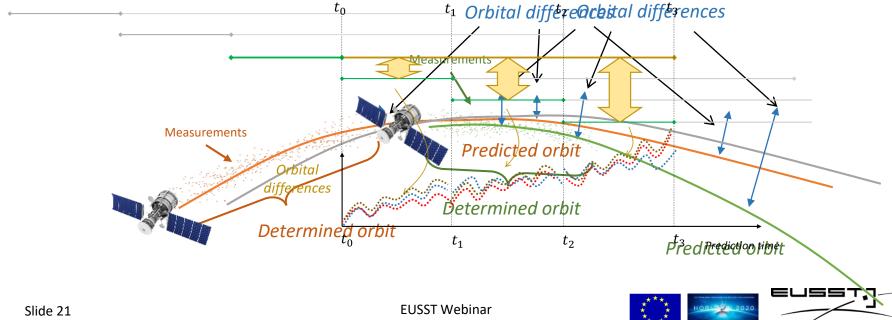




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Collision Avoidance Covariance Abacus

- Covariance Abacus generation
 - Statistical comparison between predicted and determined (observed) orbit
 - Reference covariance for probability computation
 - Outliers detection



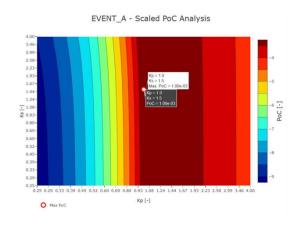


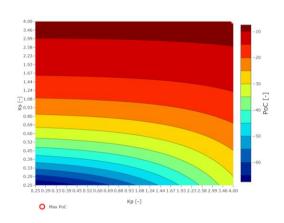


Collision Avoidance PoC sensitivity analysis

Probability of Collision (PoC) sensitivity analysis:

- Use of covariance abacus for PoC calculations
- Use of configurable Hard Body Radius (HBR) for PoC calculations
- PoC sensitivity analysis: Use of Scaled PoC
- Scaled PoC used as baseline PoC to trigger threshold-based alerts







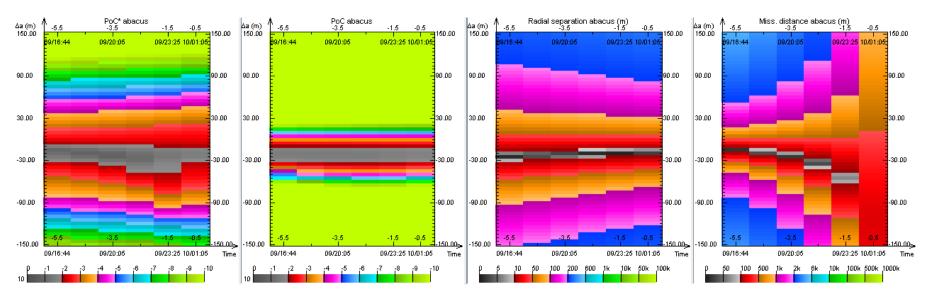


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Collision Avoidance

Mitigation recommendation and manoeuvre support

- Mitigation recommendation and manoeuvre support
 - Triggered by HIE detection or at O/O request

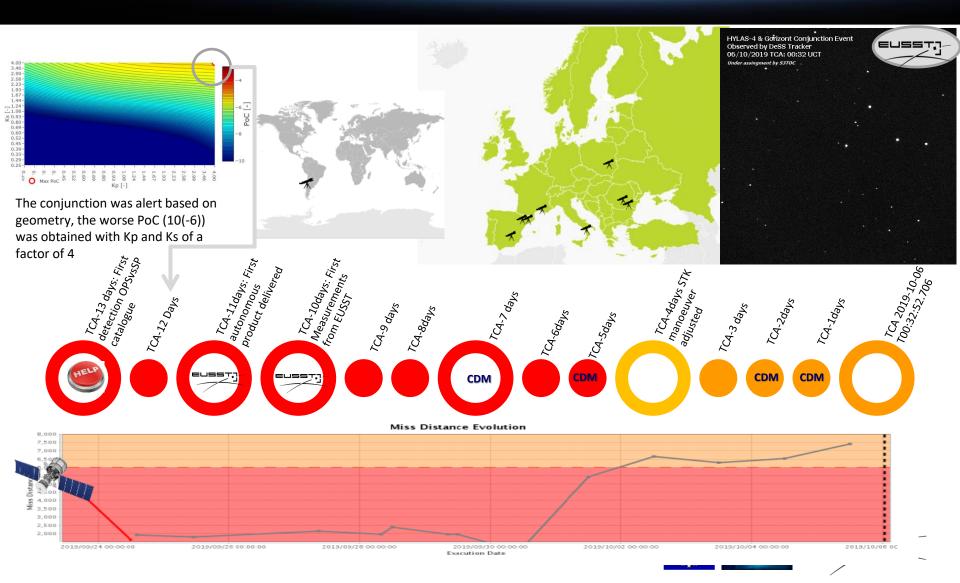






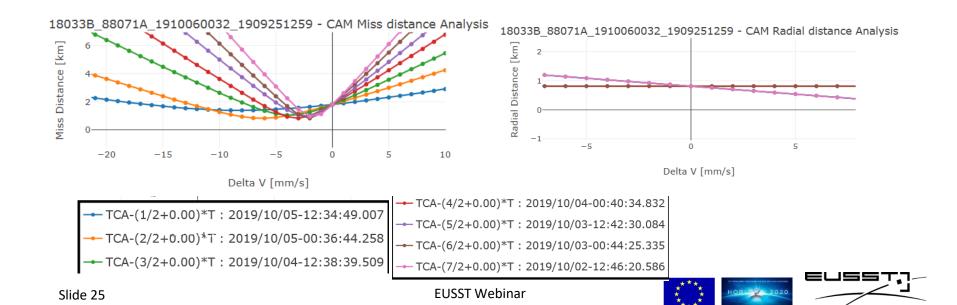
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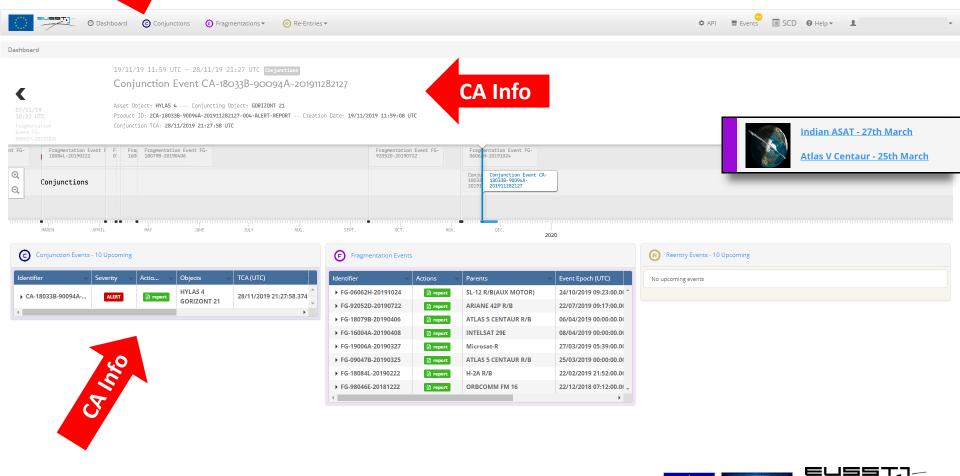
Collision Avoidance HYLAS 4 (2018-033B) vs Gorizon 16 (1988-071A)



Collision Avoidance HYLAS 4 (2018-033B) vs Gorizon 16 (1988-071A)

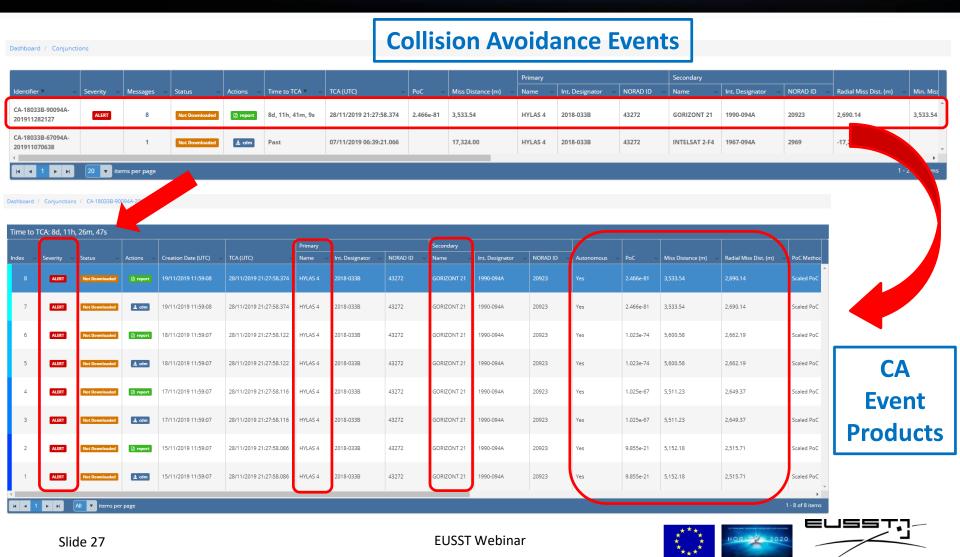
- Nominal OC worked together with the Operator to:
 - Assess a potential manoeuver
 - Screen the new Operator's ephemeris after the potential manoeuver
 - Finally the Operator decided to adjust the station keeping manoeuver and @TCA minus 4 days the risk decreased to WARNING

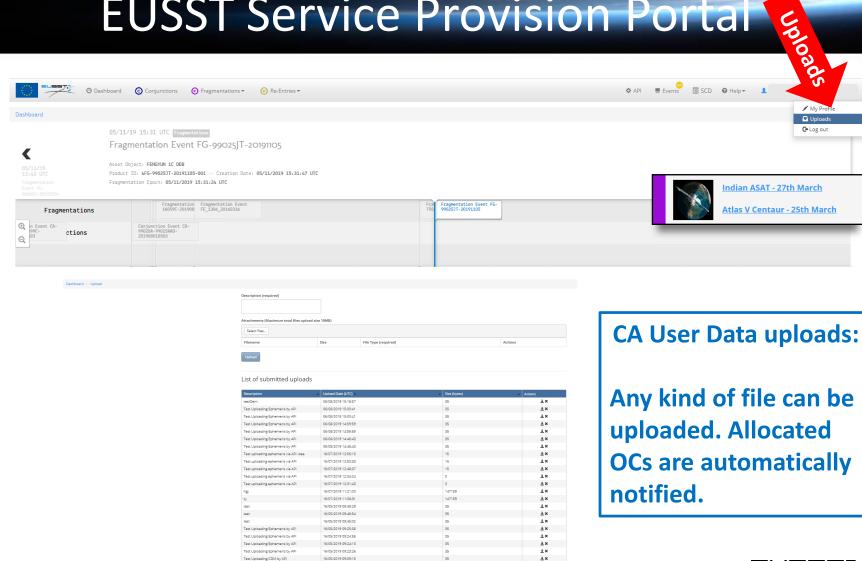




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15/05/2019 15:41:57

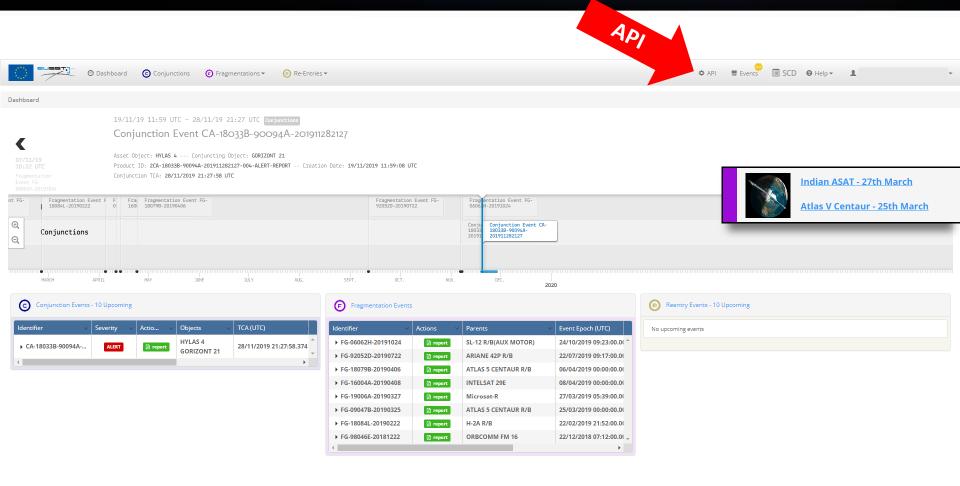
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EU SST Service Provision REST API

This document describes the EU SST Service Provision Rest API, which is meant to be used by back-end servers or trusted parties. The API provides most of the functionality available in the portal.

Collision Avoidance Service	Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations
GET /api/ca/cdm	Retrieve the list of CDMs for the user.
GET /api/ca/cdm/{cdmld}	Returns the Conjunction cdm for a certain id
GET /api/ca/report	Retrieve the list of Conjunction Reports for the user.
/api/ca/report/{reportId}	Returns the Conjunction report for a certain report id
Fragmentation Analysis Service	Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations
Re-entry Analysis Service	Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations
User Data Upload Service	Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations
сст /api/file	Get all uploaded files for the user.
/api/file/{dataUploadId}	Returns the file information for a certain file id
POST /api/file/delete/{dataUploadId}	Delete a file upload.
POST /api/file/upload	Upload a file.







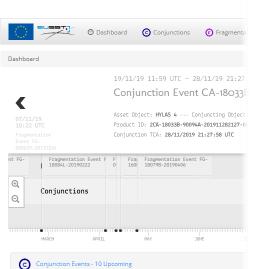
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Collision Avoidance

EUS

HYLAS 4

GORIZONT 21



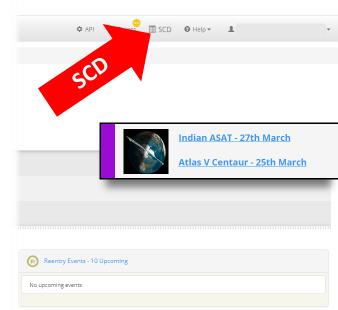
► CA-18033B-90094A-



EUSST Service Configuration Document with XXX



Approved by STC on 2017-06-02



n Portal







Collision Avoidance Conclusions

- Provision mechanism in hot redundancy.
- Direct dialogue for HIE.
- User-oriented service (SCD).
- Autonomous products based on data provided by EUSST contributing sensors.
- Standard information (CDM) complemented by expert analysis (CA report).
- Collision Avoidance manoeuvre support.
- Service provision through User and API interfaces.

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Re-entry Analysis Service

Re-entry Analysis Service Description

The Re-entry Analysis (RE) Service:

- provides the risk assessment of the uncontrolled re-entry of man-made space objects and space debris into the Earth's atmosphere and the generation of related information.
- consists on analysing all available information regarding the uncontrolled re-entries within 30 days.





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Re-entry Analysis Service Characteristics

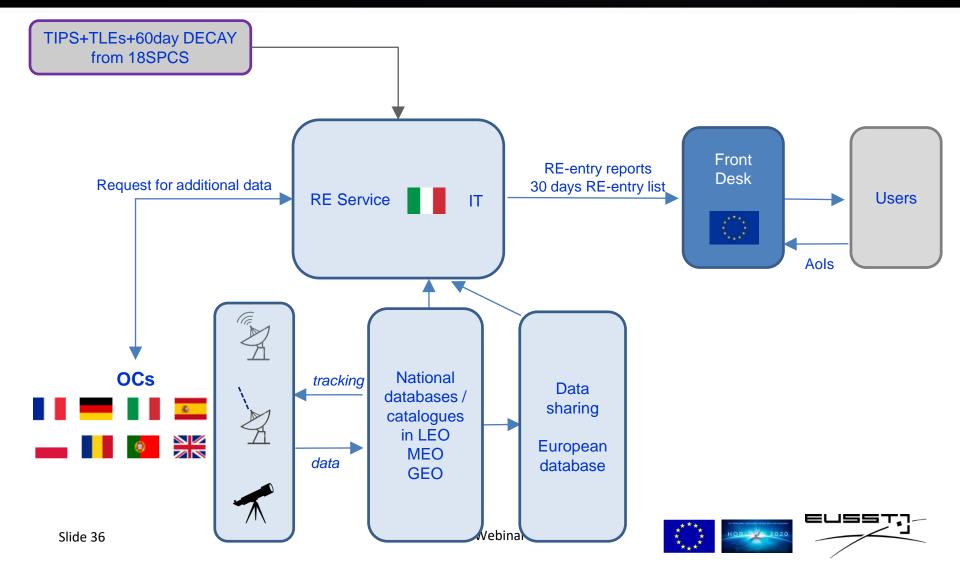
- The criteria applied for the objects to be reported is:
 - Radar Cross Section (RCS) larger than 1m²;
 - or mass greater than 2.000 kg;
 - and all rocket bodies.
- All relevant sensors operated under EUSST are contributing to the service provision;
- Re-entry information provided in accordance to users' personalised geographical Areas of Interest (AoIs).



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Re-entry Analysis Provision Mechanism



Re-entry Analysis EUSST Products

- The content of the EUSST products includes:
 - Object identification and characterization;
 - Object orbital information;
 - Re-entry prediction information.
- Content is provided to users as:
 - 30 Days Re-entry List;
 - Re-entry Report;

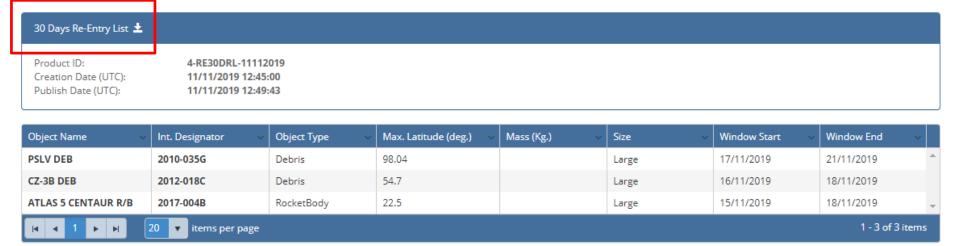
In addition, dedicated event pages are created for specific events (e.g. Tiangong-1)





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Re-entry Analysis EUSST Products – 30 Days Re-entry List







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Re-entry Analysis EUSST Products – Re-entry Report

Re-entry Analysis Report

EXAMPLESAT

NORAD ID: 12345 Int.Designator: 2016-099C

Creation Date (UTC): 2019-09-03T09:28:15

Overview

This report presents the results of the **EXAMPLESAT** re-entry analysis in accordance with the latest available information:

Epoch of the re-entry:	2019-08-30T04:25:03 UTC
Uncertainty of epoch:	±0h15m
Nominal re-entry point:	Lat. 48.94°N Lon. 5.3°E
Direction:	Ascending

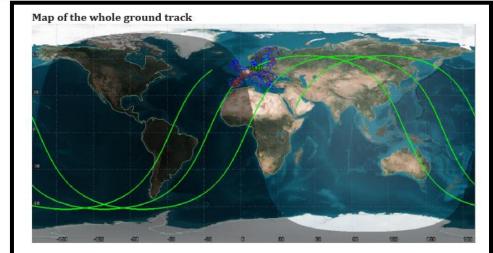
Table 1: Re-entry information

Apogee:	31989 km
Perigee:	185 km
Inclination:	62°

Table 2: Object information at report creation date

AOI	Entry Epoch	Entry Lat	Entry Lon	Exit Epoch	Exit Lat	Exit Lon
Greece	2019-08-30 03:02:45	36.152	23.066	2019-08-30 03:02:49	36.272	22.976
Greece	2019-08-30 03:03:40	37.989	24.520	2019-08-30 03:03:44	38.142	24.398
Bulgaria	2019-08-30 03:05:45	42.003	27.957	2019-08-30 03:05:47	42.085	27.879
Spain	2019-08-30 05:06:15	37.210	-1.685	2019-08-30 05:09:26	43.306	-7.046
France	2019-08-30 05:09:26	43.309	5.716	2019-08-30 05:13:08	49.542	-1.682
Luxembourg	2019-08-30 05:13:13	49.668	6.230	2019-08-30 05:13:22	49.900	5.896
Germany	2019-08-30 05:13:22	49.900	13.436	2019-08-30 05:16:20	54.116	6.231
Latvia	2019-08-30 05:19:11	57.491	21.943	2019-08-30 05:19:17	57.592	21.641
Estonia	2019-08-30 05:19:57	58.264	28.180	2019-08-30 05:21:12	59.386	24.063

Table 3: Area of interest information



Map of the ground track and re-entry ground footprint across the area of interest







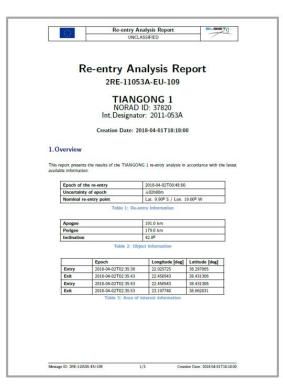


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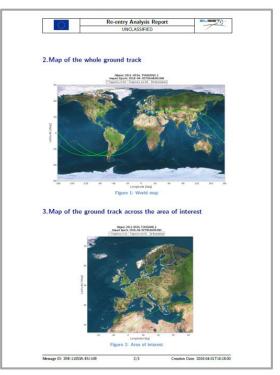
Re-entry Analysis Real case

Tiangong-1

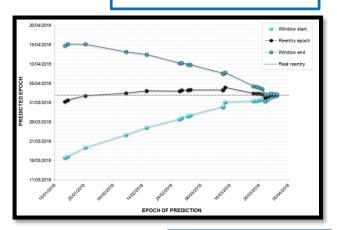
13 Reports



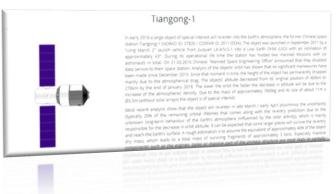
6 Autonomous Reports based on data from 6 EUSST contributing sensors



Prediction Evolution



RE Event Page









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Re-entry Analysis Real case





Tiangong-1

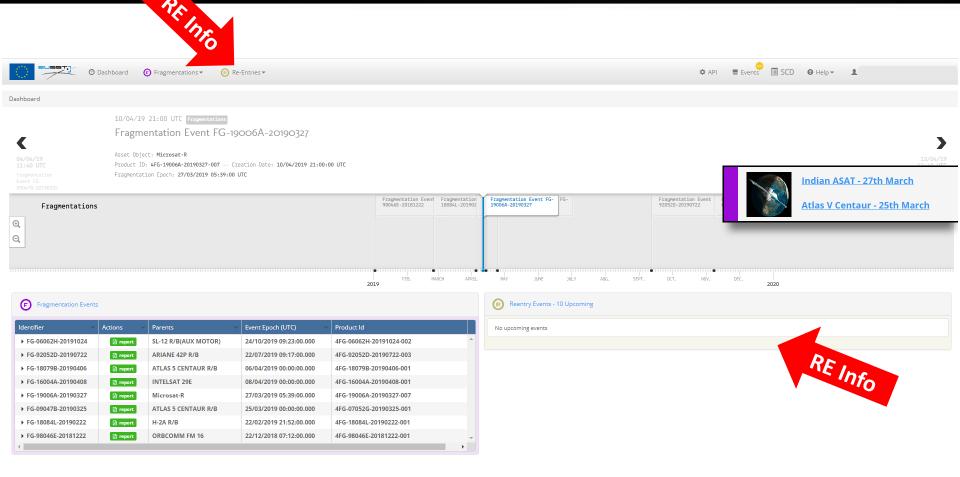








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30 Days **Re-Entry List**







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Re-Entry Events

Dashboard / Re-Entries

essages v									Object				
	Status v	Actions v	Time to Window 、	Creation Date (UTC)	✓ Window Start (UTC) ∨	Window End (UTC)	Re-entry Epoch (UTC)	Decay Report	V Name V	Int. Designator V	Publish Date (UTC)	Product Id	~
3	Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	11/09/2018 23:31:02	12/09/2018 06:41:00.000	12/09/2018 08:41:00.000	12/09/2018 08:41:00.000	No	Molinya 2-13	1975-063A	11/09/2018 22:33:45	5RE-75063A-EU-3	- 1
3	Not Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	05/09/2018 23:55:50	06/09/2018 08:53:00.000	06/09/2018 12:53:00.000	06/09/2018 10:53:00.000	No	SL-4 R/B	2016-020B	05/09/2018 22:58:11	5RE-16020B-EU-3	1
3	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	25/08/2018 01:28:57	25/08/2018 09:06:00.000	25/08/2018 13:06:00.000	25/08/2018 11:06:00.000	No	CZ-4B R/B	2017-034E	25/08/2018 00:34:01	5RE-17034E-EU-3	- 1
3	Not Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	24/07/2018 11:20:54	24/07/2018 20:12:00.000	25/07/2018 00:12:00.000	24/07/2018 22:12:00.000	No	PSLV R/B	2017-036AH	24/07/2018 10:30:22	5RE-17036A-EU-3	
3	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	17/07/2018 01:45:57	17/07/2018 10:18:00.000	17/07/2018 14:18:00.000	17/07/2018 12:18:00.000	No	EPSILON Deb	2018-007C	17/07/2018 00:48:47	5RE-18007C-EU-3	- 1
3	Downloaded	☐ report	Past	12/07/2018 21:05:18	13/07/2018 00:31:00.000	13/07/2018 04:31:00.000	13/07/2018 02:31:00.000	No	SL-4 R/B	2018-058B	12/07/2018 20:06:43	5RE-18058B-EU-3	- 1
2	Downloaded	□ report	Past	24/05/2018 11:15:00	24/05/2018 12:14:00.000	24/05/2018 13:26:00.000	24/05/2018 12:50:00.000	No	IRIDIUM 21	1999-032B	24/05/2018 11:32:33	4RE-99032B-EU-002	2
1	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	13/05/2018 21:30:55	14/05/2018 00:52:00.000	14/05/2018 02:34:00.000	14/05/2018 01:43:53.085	No	IRIDIUM 72	1998-032B	13/05/2018 22:46:27	4RE-98032B-EU-001	1 1
2	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	29/04/2018 19:30:31	29/04/2018 20:58:00.000	29/04/2018 22:20:00.000	29/04/2018 21:39:00.000	No	CZ-11 R/B	2018-040F	07/05/2018 13:31:50	3RE-18040F-EU-1-r1	1
1	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	04/05/2018 22:14:45	05/05/2018 01:58:00.000	05/05/2018 03:48:00.000	05/05/2018 02:53:30.000	No	SL-6 R/B(2)	2002-059D	04/05/2018 23:23:54	4RE-02059D-EU-001	1
1	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	18/04/2018 03:46:35	18/04/2018 05:10:00.000	18/04/2018 06:50:00.000	18/04/2018 06:00:00.000	No	IRIDIUM 94	2002-005C	18/04/2018 03:46:44	3RE-02005C-EU-1	- 1
2	Downloaded	□ report	Past	07/04/2018 18:31:47	07/04/2018 11:55:00.000	07/04/2018 15:55:00.000	07/04/2018 13:55:00.000	No	DRAGON CRS-14 DEB	2018-032B	07/04/2018 18:31:52	3RE-18032B-EU-2	1
2	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	07/04/2018 10:35:25	07/04/2018 07:50:00.000	07/04/2018 08:54:00.000	07/04/2018 08:22:00.000	No	IRIDIUM 19	1997-056A	07/04/2018 10:35:30	3RE-97056A-EU-2	
13	Not Downloaded	🛭 report	Past	02/04/2018 00:59:00	02/04/2018 00:15:00.000	02/04/2018 00:17:00.000	02/04/2018 00:16:00.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	04/04/2018 15:34:02	2RE-11053A-EU-111	1
1	Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	03/04/2018 12:00:41	03/04/2018 13:32:00.000	03/04/2018 14:56:00.000	03/04/2018 14:14:00.000	No	PSLV R/B	2012-017B	03/04/2018 12:00:49	3RE-12017B-EU-1	_
4	Not Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	25/03/2018 04:07:00	25/03/2018 01:24:00.000	25/03/2018 01:26:00.000	25/03/2018 01:25:00.000	No	SL-4 R/B	2018-026B	25/03/2018 12:30:08	2RE-18026B-EU-007	7
3	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	13/02/2018 10:04:00	13/02/2018 11:25:00.000	13/02/2018 12:23:00.000	13/02/2018 11:54:00.000	No	IRIDIUM 49	1997-082E	13/02/2018 14:10:01	2RE-97082E-EU-008	3 1
1	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	20/12/2017 11:00:00	20/12/2017 14:55:00.000	20/12/2017 17:15:00.000	20/12/2017 16:05:00.000	No	SL-4 R/B	2017-081B	20/12/2017 12:36:59	4RE-17081B-EU-001	1 1
1	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	30/11/2017 16:11:14	30/11/2017 17:36:00.000	30/11/2017 18:22:00.000	30/11/2017 17:59:00.000	No	FLOCK 2EP 2	1998-067JB	30/11/2017 16:14:51	3RE-98067JB-EU-1	- 1
1	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	24/11/2017 10:46:00	24/11/2017 11:51:00.000	24/11/2017 13:51:00.000	24/11/2017 12:51:00.000	No	IRIDIUM 8	1997-020A	24/11/2017 10:49:25	3RE-97020A-EU-1	- 1
	3 3 3 3 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 4 3	3 Not Downloaded 3 Not Downloaded 3 Not Downloaded 4 Not Downloaded 2 Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 2 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 2 Not Downloaded 3 Not Downloaded 4 Not Downloaded 4 Not Downloaded 5 Not Downloaded 6 Not Downloaded 7 Not Downloaded 8 Not Downloaded 9 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded	Not Downloaded Not Downloaded Not Downloaded report Not Downloaded	3 Not Downloaded @ report Past 3 Not Downloaded @ report Past 3 Not Downloaded @ report Past 3 Downloaded @ report Past 4 Not Downloaded @ report Past 5 Not Downloaded @ report Past 6 Not Downloaded @ report Past 7 Not Downloaded @ report Past 8 Not Downloaded @ report Past 9 Not Downloaded @ report Past 9 Not Downloaded @ report Past 1 Downloaded @ report Past 1 Downloaded @ report Past 1 Not Downloaded @ report Past	3 Not Downloaded	Not Derminated Past 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 09:06:00.000	3 Not Derminaded	State	Set Downloaded Despit Past 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 09:06:00.000 25/08/2018 01:2:00.000 25/08/2018 01:06:00.000 No	Not Downloaded Or riport Past 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 03:40:00.000 25/08/2018 13:06:00.000 25/08/2018 11:06:00.000 No CZ-4B R/B	Section Part Section Section Part Section Section Part Section Sec	Set Demonstrated	Not Demokated Past 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 01:28:57 25/08/2018 01:28:50 25/08/2018 11:06:00.000 No CZ-48 R/B 2017-034E 25/08/2018 00:34:01 SRE-17034E-EU-3 SRE-17034E-E





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Tiangong-1 RE Reports

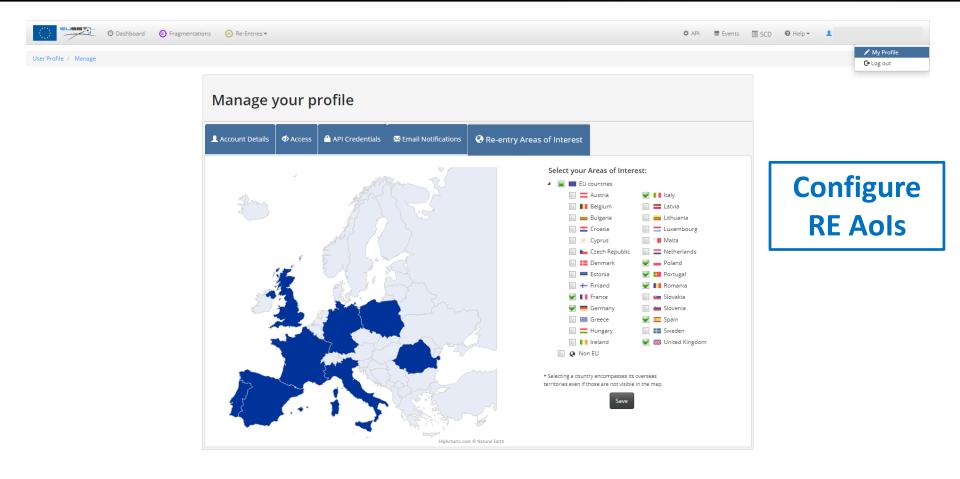
Dashboard / Re-Entries / RE-11053A

									Object		
Index v	Status	Actions	Time to Window 🔻	Creation Date (UTC)	Window Start (UTC)	Window End (UTC)	Re-entry Epoch (UTC)	Decay Report 🔍	Name ~	Int. Designator 🔻	Product Id ~
13	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	02/04/2018 00:59:00	02/04/2018 00:15:00.000	02/04/2018 00:17:00.000	02/04/2018 00:16:00.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-111
12	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	01/04/2018 22:53:00	01/04/2018 22:49:00.000	02/04/2018 02:49:00.000	02/04/2018 00:49:00.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-110
11	Not Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	01/04/2018 18:18:00	01/04/2018 22:48:00.000	02/04/2018 02:48:00.000	02/04/2018 00:48:00.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-109
10	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	01/04/2018 14:49:57	01/04/2018 22:06:30.000	02/04/2018 05:18:30.000	02/04/2018 01:42:30.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-108
9	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	31/03/2018 12:49:09	01/04/2018 16:54:32.000	02/04/2018 07:21:48.000	02/04/2018 00:08:10.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-107
8	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	30/03/2018 15:33:15	01/04/2018 10:46:46.000	02/04/2018 10:10:08.000	01/04/2018 22:28:27.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-106
7	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	29/03/2018 15:05:31	31/03/2018 22:42:27.000	02/04/2018 04:03:41.000	01/04/2018 13:23:04.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-105
6	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	28/03/2018 16:12:48	31/03/2018 18:13:10.000	02/04/2018 03:19:46.000	01/04/2018 10:46:28.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-104
5	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	28/03/2018 07:57:31	31/03/2018 09:40:33.000	02/04/2018 02:28:33.000	01/04/2018 06:04:33.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-103
4	Not Downloaded	□ report	Past	27/03/2018 09:30:17	31/03/2018 20:35:13.000	03/04/2018 13:43:53.000	02/04/2018 05:09:33.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-102
3	Not Downloaded	☐ report	Past	26/03/2018 09:30:17	31/03/2018 18:39:58.000	03/04/2018 22:39:44.000	02/04/2018 08:39:51.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-101
2	Not Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	25/03/2018 09:30:17	31/03/2018 13:41:08.000	04/04/2018 03:45:08.000	02/04/2018 08:43:08.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-100
1	Not Downloaded	🖪 report	Past	24/03/2018 09:30:17	31/03/2018 12:03:10.000	04/04/2018 07:57:28.000	02/04/2018 10:00:19.000	No	TIANGONG 1	2011-053A	2RE-11053A-EU-099
A 1	▶ N All	items per pa	ge								1 - 13 of 13 items

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Tiangong-1-RE
Event Page

Tiangong-1



Credit: By Tiangong_1_drawing.png: Craigboy derivative work: 70.49.127.65 [CC BY-SA 3.0 or GFDL], via Wikimedia Commons In early 2018 a large object of special interest will re-enter into the Earth's atmosphere: the former Chinese space station Tiangong-1 (NORAD ID: 37820 / COSPAR ID: 2011-053A). The object was launched in September 2011 by a "Long March 2" launch vehicle from Jiuquan LA-476LS-1 into a Low Earth Orbit (LEO) with an inclination of approximately 43". During its operational life time the station has hosted two manned Missions with six astronauts in total. On 21.03.2016 Chinese "Manned Space Engineering Office" announced that they disabled data service to their space station. Analysis of the objects' orbit has shown that no significant manoeuvres have been made since December 2015. Since that moment in time, the height of the object has permanently dropped mainly due to the atmospherical drag. The objects' altitude decreased from its' original position of 400km to 270km by the end of January 2018. The lower the orbit the faster the decrease in altitude will be due to the increase of the atmospheres' density. Due to the mass of approximately 7600kg and its size of about 11m x @3.5m (without solar arrays) the object is of special interest.

Most recent analysis show that the object will re-enter in late March / early April plus/minus the uncertainty (typically 20% of the remaining orbital lifetime) that comes along with the re-entry prediction due to the unknown long-term behaviour of the Earth's atmosphere (influenced by the solar activity), which is mainly responsible for the decrease in orbit altitude. It can be expected that some larger pieces will survive the re-entry and reach the Earth's surface. A rough estimation is to assume the equivalent of approximately 40% of the object dry mass, which leads to a total mass of surviving fragments of approximately 3 tons. Especially massive components such as the engines, tanks or massive part of the primary structure are most likely to partially survive. In any case, these pieces will not accumulate at a certain re-entry point but instead be spread over a large area along the final trajectory, which will be approximately 1000km long and a few hundred kilometres wide. Due to the inclination of the object, the re-entry will happen between ±43° geographical latitude. Thus all

locations north and south of this latitude-band can be discarded from being affected. Consequently, mid and northern European countries such as Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Hungary or Romania, as well as most parts of France (except a small region close to the border of Spain and Corsica) are not within the re-entry region.

Within the region of ±43° geographical latitude most part of the Earth surface is covered by ocean so the statistical probability of an impact on soil is low. However, due to the orbital mechanics, the probability of a re-entry at the northern or southern boundary (±43°) of this region is a bit higher than at the equator simply because the residence time at certain latitude is lowest near the equa-tor. Thus, European countries such as Portugal, Spain, France, Italy, Malta, Greece, Bulgaria and Rep. of Cyprus are exposed to a slightly higher risk.

Besides other organisations, this object is also being monitored by EUSST. Sensors capable of tracking the object are used to permanently collect orbit-tracking data towards the end of the orbital life time of the object. Together with data of other sources (e.g. space weather data, etc.) analysis are performed to produce the best possible estimation for the expected re-entry location and time. However, due to the large uncertainties within re-entry predictions in general (approximately ±20% of the remaining lifetime) a precise estimation will be possible only a few hours before the re-entry actually occurs. Even one day in advance the uncertainty in the remaining lifetime of the object will be in the order of around ±5 hours and, considering the velocity of the object, this implies a very wide portion of Earth's surface. How-ever, based on the regions without overflights during the remaining lifetime some regions can al-ready be excluded at an early stage.

Index	Status	Actio	Time to Window	Creation Date (UTC)	Window Start (UTC)	Window End (UTC)	Re-entry Epo	
1	Not Downloaded		Past	23/09/2017 18:22:57			02/12/2017 0	^ ~

19/03/2018 10:38:07 UTC

© 2018 - EU SatCen | v0.3.0.0







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Re-entry analysis Conclusions

- Autonomous products based on data provided by EUSST contributing sensors.
- Object overflight passes provided for the reentry predicted window.
- Users' personalised geographical areas of interest.
- Ad-hoc information for mediatic events.





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Fragmentation Analysis Service

Fragmentation Analysis Service Description

The Fragmentation Analysis (FG) Service:

- provides the detection and characterization of in-orbit fragmentations, break-ups or collisions.
- consists on analysing all available information regarding the object(s) involved in the event.





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Fragmentation Analysis EUSST Products

- The content of the FG Service is provided in 3 types of products:
 - 1. Short-term notification;
 - 2. Medium-term report;
 - 3. Long-term report.

as foreseen by the new Service Portfolio



Multiple reports based on available information

- Contribution of all relevant sensors operated under EUSST is requested for all fragmentation events.
- In addition, dedicated event pages are created for mediatic events (e.g. Microsat-R)

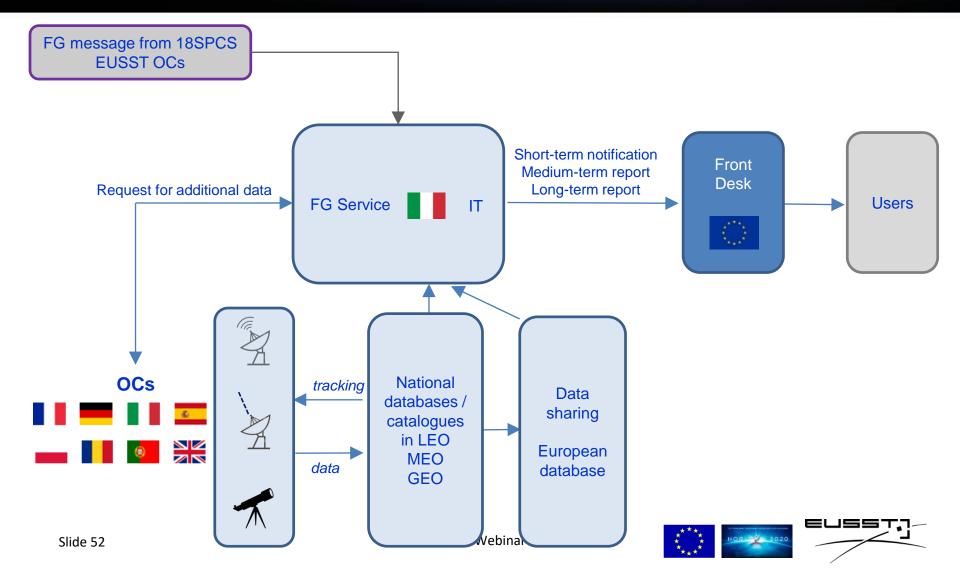
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Fragmentation Analysis Provision Mechanism



Fragmentation Analysis Short-term Notification

- The Short-term product is provided as an email containing basic information regarding the FG event. It includes:
 - type of fragmentation (i.e. explosion/breakup, collision, release of fragments, ASAT, other, unknown)
 - object type (i.e. satellite/payload, rocket body)
 - apogee/perigee of parent object/s with their orbital regime (LEO, MEO, GEO, other)
 - number of detected fragments if this information is available to the OC.

* * * HOE

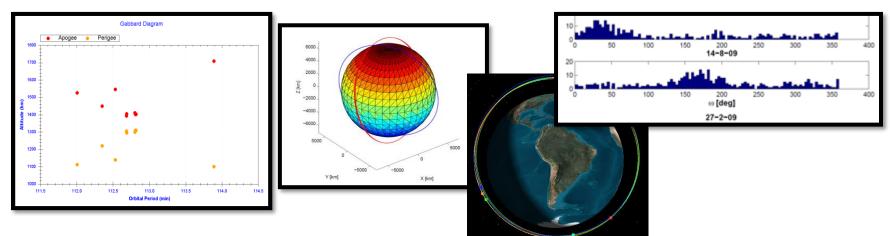




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Fragmentation Analysis Medium-term Report

- The Medium-term report provides updates of the event with the following information:
 - Fragments distribution (e.g. Gabbard diagram)
 - 3D graph of the position of the object/s
 - 3D cloud evolution of the fragments
 - Dispersion of the orbital parameters of the fragments



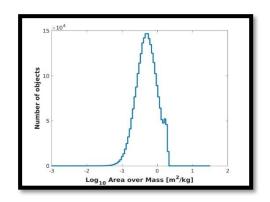


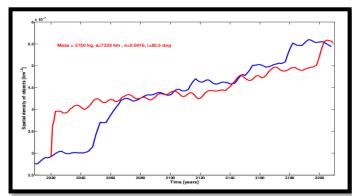




Fragmentation Analysis Long-term Report

- Long-term report provides updates of the event with the following information:
 - Simulations of the event using an adequate breakup, collision model;
 - Area to Mass ratio distribution;
 - Delta Velocity distribution;
 - Objects' spatial density evolution;
 - Number of fragments expected greater than a given size.

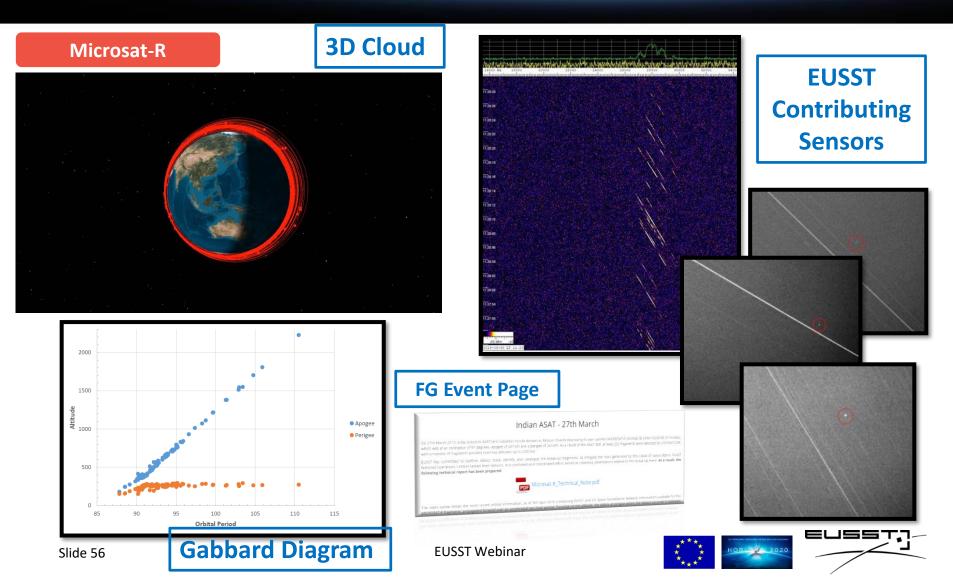


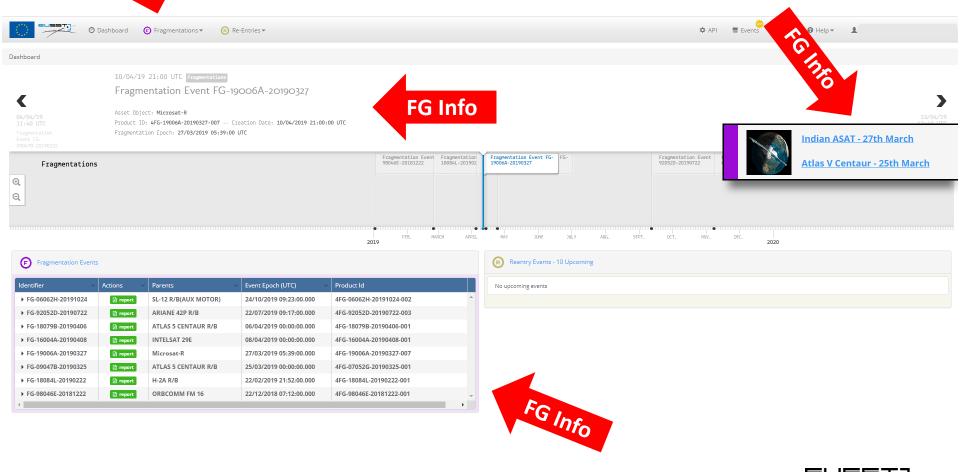






Fragmentation Analysis Real Case





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Dashboard / Fragmentations

FG Events

						Parent 1				
essages 🗸	Status v	Actions	Creation Date (UTC)	Event Epoch (UTC) ▼ ∨	Fragments Detected v	Name v	Int. Designator 🔻	Publish Date (UTC)	Product Id 🔻	Originator
2	Downloaded	🔼 report	07/11/2019 10:22:44	24/10/2019 09:23:00.000	20	SL-12 R/B(AUX MOTOR)	2006-062H	07/11/2019 11:00:28	4FG-06062H-20191024-002	EUSST
3	Not Downloaded	🔼 report	11/09/2019 13:14:43	22/07/2019 09:17:00.000	9	ARIANE 42P R/B	1992-052D	11/09/2019 13:50:56	4FG-92052D-20190722-003	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	🔼 report	13/04/2019 12:40:00	08/04/2019 00:00:00.000	2	INTELSAT 29E	2016-004A	13/04/2019 14:49:02	4FG-16004A-20190408-001	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	🖟 report	23/04/2019 18:50:00	06/04/2019 00:00:00.000	6	ATLAS 5 CENTAUR R/B	2018-079B	23/04/2019 19:07:08	4FG-18079B-20190406-001	EUSST
7	Not Downloaded	☐ report	10/04/2019 21:00:00	27/03/2019 05:39:00.000	250	Microsat-R	2019-006A	10/04/2019 21:25:58	4FG-19006A-20190327-007	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	☑ report	04/04/2019 11:40:00	25/03/2019 00:00:00.000	20	ATLAS 5 CENTAUR R/B	2009-047B	04/04/2019 12:49:40	4FG-07052G-20190325-001	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	🔼 report	24/02/2019 13:02:00	22/02/2019 21:52:00.000	7	H-2A R/B	2018-084L	24/02/2019 14:01:05	4FG-18084L-20190222-001	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	🔼 report	02/01/2019 09:50:00	22/12/2018 07:12:00.000	34	ORBCOMM FM 16	1998-046E	02/01/2019 10:16:43	4FG-98046E-20181222-001	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	🔼 report	09/10/2018 07:38:00	31/08/2018 02:00:00.000	70	ATLAS 5 CENTAUR R/B	2014-055B	09/10/2018 09:40:49	4FG-14055B-20180831-001	EUSST
1	Not Downloaded	🔼 report	02/10/2018 10:11:00	24/08/2018 21:59:00.000	19	SL-12 R/B (AUX MOTOR)	2005-050F	02/10/2018 12:50:17	4FG-05050F-20180824-001	EUSST
le	2	2 Downloaded 3 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded 7 Not Downloaded 1 Not Downloaded	2 Downloaded	2	2 Downloaded ② report 07/11/2019 10:22:44 24/10/2019 09:23:00.000 3 Not Downloaded ③ report 11/09/2019 13:14:43 22/07/2019 09:17:00.000 1 Not Downloaded ④ report 13/04/2019 12:40:00 08/04/2019 00:00:00.000 7 Not Downloaded ② report 10/04/2019 21:00:00 27/03/2019 05:39:00.000 1 Not Downloaded ② report 04/04/2019 11:40:00 25/03/2019 00:00:00.000 1 Not Downloaded ② report 24/02/2019 13:02:00 22/02/2019 21:52:00.000 1 Not Downloaded ② report 02/01/2019 09:50:00 22/12/2018 07:12:00.000 1 Not Downloaded ③ report 09/10/2018 07:38:00 31/08/2018 02:00:00.000	2 Downloaded ② report 07/11/2019 10:22:44 24/10/2019 09:23:00.000 20 3 Not Downloaded ③ report 11/09/2019 13:14:43 22/07/2019 09:17:00.000 9 1 Not Downloaded ④ report 13/04/2019 12:40:00 08/04/2019 00:00:00.000 2 1 Not Downloaded ⑤ report 23/04/2019 18:50:00 06/04/2019 00:00:00.000 6 7 Not Downloaded ⑥ report 10/04/2019 21:00:00 27/03/2019 05:39:00.000 250 1 Not Downloaded ⑥ report 04/04/2019 11:40:00 25/03/2019 00:00:00.000 20 1 Not Downloaded ⑥ report 24/02/2019 13:02:00 22/02/2019 21:52:00.000 7 1 Not Downloaded ⑥ report 02/01/2019 09:50:00 22/12/2018 07:12:00.000 34 1 Not Downloaded ⑥ report 09/10/2018 07:38:00 31/08/2018 02:00:00.000 70	Status	Status	Status	Status

Dashboard / Fragmentations / FG-19006A-20190327

Indian ASAT FG Reports

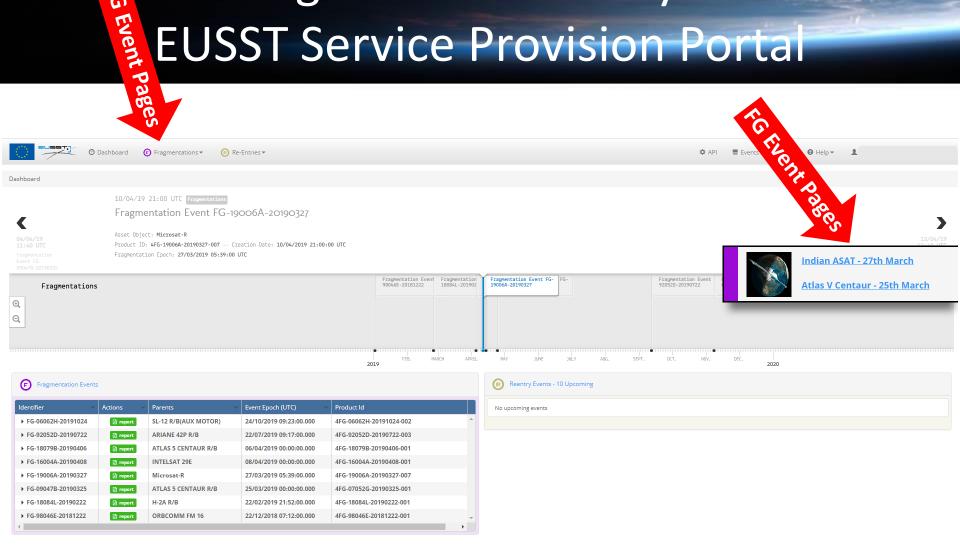
						Parent 1				
Index ~	Status	Actions	Creation Date (UTC)	Event Epoch (UTC)	Fragments Detected 🔻	Name v	Int. Designator 🔻	Publish Date (UTC)	Product Id v	Originator ~
7	Downloaded	☐ report	10/04/2019 21:00:00	27/03/2019 05:39:00.000	250	Microsat-R	2019-006A	10/04/2019 21:25:58	4FG-19006A-20190327-007	EUSST
6	Downloaded	🖪 report	08/04/2019 19:30:00	27/03/2019 05:39:00.000	250	Microsat-R	2019-006A	08/04/2019 20:42:02	4FG-19006A-20190327-006	EUSST
5	Downloaded	☑ report	05/04/2019 20:00:00	27/03/2019 05:39:00.000	250	Microsat-R	2019-006A	05/04/2019 20:36:54	4FG-19006A-20190327-005	EUSST
4	Downloaded	🖪 report	03/04/2019 14:00:00	27/03/2019 05:39:00.000	250	Microsat-R	2019-006A	03/04/2019 14:48:27	4FG-19006A-20190327-004	EUSST
3	Downloaded	🖪 report	01/04/2019 14:00:00	27/03/2019 05:39:00.000	250	Microsat-R	2019-006A	01/04/2019 14:48:34	4FG-19006A-20190327-003	EUSST
2	Downloaded	🔁 report	29/03/2019 13:15:00	27/03/2019 06:00:00.000	90	Microsat-R	2019-006A	29/03/2019 14:08:41	4FG-19006A-20190327-002	EUSST
1	Downloaded	🖪 report	27/03/2019 12:12:00	27/03/2019 06:00:00.000	90	Microsat-R	2019-006A	27/03/2019 13:12:17	4FG-19006A-20190327-001	EUSST

1 - 7 of 7 items





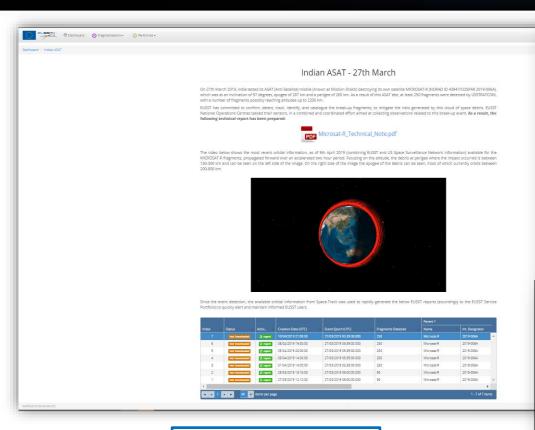
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FG



Indian ASAT FG Event Page



Fragmentation Analysis Technical Note



Fragmentation Analysis Technical Note Microsat-R

NORAD ID: 43947 Int. Designator: 2019-006A Ref. Doc: EUSST_TN_0012

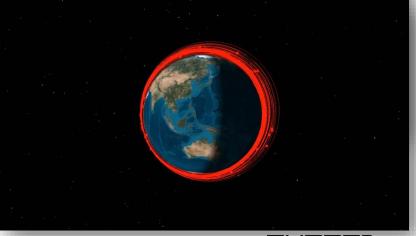
1. INTRODUCTION

On 27 March 2019, Prime Minister Narendra Modi announced that India had successfully conducted an anti-satellite (ASAT) test early that day.

A ballistic missile struck and destroyed an Indian Microsat-R satellite (NORAD ID: 43947; Int. Designator: 2019-006A) at approximately 05:40 UTC on 27 March 2019. Due to the significance of this event, the SST Cooperation worked on the following technical note, which complements the EUSST Fragmentation service as described in the "Service Portfolio" document, in order to provide users with comprehensive information, including a detailed post-analysis of all the data gathered on this High-Interest Event (HIE). In the next sections the information available to date and the conclusions based on early observations, post-processing and simulations are summarised.

2. EARLY REPORTING AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE EVENT

On the same day of the event, the EUSST Cooperation published its first report based on Space-Track.org information, which was the most complete openly available at that moment. All National OCs were immediately requested by the lead OC to provide available information and observations of the event. The following national sensors contributing to EUSST were able to provide observations:









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Fragmentation analysis Conclusions

- Autonomous products based on data provided by EUSST contributing sensors.
- Advanced analysis performed within 3 months after the confirmation of the FG event.
- Ad-hoc information for mediatic events.





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Questions and Answers



Conclusions

- The EU SST Support Framework was established in 2014 to ensure the long-term availability of European and national space infrastructure, facilities and services, which are essential for the economies, societies and citizens in Europe.
- Currently, 8 EU MS and the EU SatCen are cooperating in the provision of the SST services: Collision Avoidance, Re-entry analysis and Fragmentation Analysis.
- The EUSST Front Desk is the main interface towards the users for the provision of services and user support.
- This webinar is the first of a series of webinars planned under the EU SST Support Framework activities.
- Access to the SST services can be requested through the EUSST Portal at <u>sst.satcen.europa.eu</u>

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User Registration & Service Request https://sst.satcen.europa.eu

Helpdesk sst.helpdesk@satcen.europa.eu

General Information www.eusst.eu